

C30.005 – As amended by Committee

CHAPTER 19. - ETHICS, CODE OF

Sec. 19-1. - Title.

This chapter shall be known and referred to as "The Stamford Municipal Code of Ethics."

Sec. 19-2. - Declaration of policy.

A. Public service is a public trust, and the proper operation of the City of Stamford requires that all city officers and employees, whether elected or appointed, paid or unpaid, be impartial and responsible to the public. Public office and employment must not be used for personal or financial gain or advantage. The public needs and deserves to have confidence in the integrity of the municipal government of our city.

B. Officers and employees of the City of Stamford must refrain from personal, business and financial activities that can reasonably be interpreted to reflect adversely on the individual's fidelity and impartiality, having regard for the nature and scope of their official responsibilities.

C. In recognition of the aforementioned principles, there is hereby established a Code of Ethics for all city officers and employees.

**D. Nothing in this Section 19-2 shall be used as a basis for an ethics complaint.**

Sec. 19-3. - Definitions.

As used in this chapter, the following terms shall have the meanings indicated:

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Affiliated. Entities are "affiliated" if one is the parent of subsidiary of the other or if they are subsidiaries of the same parent entities.

Affinity. Related by affinity (by marriage).

Agency. Includes a board, agency, commission, department, or other entity of the city.

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Benefit. Any monetary or non-monetary favor, consideration, aid, assistance, profit, advantage or accommodation that might be obtained by an Officer, or a member of such Officer's Immediate Family, or a Business Entity with which such Officer is affiliated, that is not available to the residents at large but is particular to the said Officer, the Officer's Immediate Family, or a Business Entity which such Officer is affiliated

Business Entity. An association, commercial entity, corporation, enterprise, firm, franchise, holding company, organization, partnership, sole proprietorship, trust or other legal entity.

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A Business Interest. The involvement of an individual in any trade or profession, along with any direct interest they have in any company. An officer of an organization who has a fiduciary responsibility to the organization is deemed to have a business interest in the organization whether or not that interest is compensated

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Business with which he or she is associated. A business in which an officer or employee or a member of his or her immediate family is a paid employee, director or officer, or is a limited or general partner, beneficiary of a trust or holder of stock constituting five percent (5%) or more of the total outstanding stock of any class, or the owner of five percent (5%) or more of the equitable ownership interest, provided an officer or employee, or a member of his or her immediate family shall not be deemed to be associated with a not-for-profit entity solely by virtue of the fact that the officer or employee or member of his or her immediate family is an unpaid director or officer of the not-for-profit entity.

Clear and convincing evidence. The evidence supports the allegation that the respondent has violated the Code of Ethics, when considered fairly and impartially, and induces a reasonable belief in the minds of the Hearing Board Members that the allegations are true. Said evidence must indicate to said members that the probability that the respondent has committed a violation is substantially greater than the probability he or she has not.

Consanguinity. Relationship by "consanguinity" (by blood).

Economic interest. "Economic interest" includes, but is not limited to, legal or equitable property interests in land, chattels, and intangibles, and contractual rights having more than de minimis value. Ownership of stock in a publicly traded corporation does not constitute ownership for purposes of this code if the employee or official owns less than ten (10) percent of the voting stock or shares of the entity and the value of the stock is less than fifteen thousand dollars (\$15,000.00).

Employee. An individual employed by the city, whether as a classified employee, unclassified, permanent or temporary, full-time or part-time, or employed by contract on a continuing basis, and all employees of the Board of Education.

Entity. "Entity" means a sole proprietorship, partnership, firm, corporation, holding company, joint-stock company, receivership, trust, unincorporated association, joint-venture, or any other entity recognized by law, including non-profit entities.

Hearing board members. Three (3) individuals who are selected by the Chairperson from among the members of the Board of Ethics, including alternates, to hold a public hearing(s) and to determine whether there is clear and convincing evidence that the respondent has violated the Code of Ethics. No more than two (2) hearing board members shall be registered with the same political party.

Immediate family. Includes a spouse, child, grandchild, brother, sister, in-laws, parent or grandparent or persons who reside in the same household.

Individual. A natural person.

Investigating board members. Three (3) individuals who are selected by the Chairperson from among the members of the Board of Ethics, including alternates, to investigate and to determine whether there is probable cause to proceed to a public hearing. No more than two (2) investigating

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board members shall be registered with the same political party. These investigating board members form the Investigating Committee.

~~Investigating Committee. Committee consisting of investigating board members formed pursuant to Section 19-14.D(1)(b). No more than two (2) members of the Investigating Committee shall be registered with the same political party.~~

Officer. An individual elected to a municipal office or appointed by the Mayor, including but not limited to ad hoc committee members and members of the Board of Education, but excluding Justices of the Peace and constables.

Person. Includes associations, firms, partnerships and bodies politic and corporate, as well as individuals.

Probable cause. More than mere suspicion. There must be facts and circumstances within the Investigating Board members' knowledge, and of which they have trustworthy information, sufficient to justify the belief of a reasonable person that a violation of the Code of Ethics has occurred.

Prohibited source. Any person who: (1) is seeking official action by the officer, the employee or their agency; or (2) does official business or seeks to do official business with the officer, the employee or their agency; or (3) conducts activity regulated by the officer, the employee or their agency; or (4) has interests that might be substantially affected by the performance or non-performance of the official duties of the officer, the employee or their agency.

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Sec. 19-4. - Conflicts of interests; ~~interference with duties.~~

~~No officer or employee shall engage in any business or transaction or have a personal, immediate family or business interest, directly or indirectly, which is in material conflict with or incompatible with the proper discharge of his or her official duties or that by creating a divided loyalty might influence or impair his or her independence of judgment and action in the performance of said duties. A conflict of interest exists whenever an officer or employee will more likely than not benefit, disproportionately from other citizens of the city, directly or indirectly, from a decision over which they have influence.~~

- A. General rule. To avoid the appearance and risk of impropriety, a City official or employee shall not take any official action that he or she knows is likely to affect he economic interests of:
  - (1) The official or employee
  - (2) His or her parent, child, spouse, or other family member within the second degree of consanguinity or affinity;
  - (3) His or her outside client;
  - (4) A member of his or her household;
  - (5) The outside employer of the official or employee or of his or her parent, child (unless the child is a minor), spouse, or member of the household (unless member of household is a minor);
  - (6) An entity in which the official or employee knows that any of the persons listed in subsections (a)(1) or (a)(2) holds an economic interest as that term is defined in section 19-3;
  - (7) An entity which the official or employee knows is an affiliate or partner of an entity in which any of the persons listed in subsections (a)(1) or (a)(2) holds an economic interest as that term is defined in section 19-3;

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- (8) a. An entity for which the City official or employee serves as an officer or director or in any other policy making position; or
- b. Unless otherwise provided by law, an officer or employee shall not deliberate or participate in a decision or action by the agency of which the individual is a member or is employed if said individual or any member of his or her immediate family or a business with which he or she is affiliated would be likely to gain or lose a benefit; or
- c. Unless otherwise provided by law, no Officer or Employee, or any member of such Officer's or Employee's Immediate Family, or any Business Entity or an Association with which such Officer or Employee is affiliated, shall engage in any business transaction or arrangement with any municipal division of the City of Stamford.

(9) A person or entity with whom, within the past twelve (12) months:

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- a. The official or employee, or his or her spouse, directly or indirectly has:
  1. Solicited an offer of employment for which the application is still pending;
  2. Received an offer of employment which has not been rejected; or
  3. Accepted an offer of employment; or
- b. The official or employee, or his or her spouse, directly or indirectly engaged in negotiations pertaining to business opportunities, where such negotiations are pending or not terminated.

B. Recusal and disclosure. A City official or employee whose conduct would otherwise violate subsection (a) must recuse himself or herself. From the time that the conflict is, or should have been recognized, he or she shall:

- (1) Immediately refrain from further participation in the matter, including discussions with any persons likely to consider the matter; and
- (2) Promptly file with the City Clerk the appropriate form for disclosing the nature and extent of the prohibited conduct.

In addition:

- (2) A supervised employee shall promptly bring the conflict to the attention of his or her supervisor who will then, if necessary, reassign responsibility for handling the matter to another person; and
- (3) A member of a board shall promptly disclose the conflict to other members of the board and shall not be present during the board's discussion of, or voting on, the matter.

C. Definitions. For purposes of this rule:

- (1) An action is likely to affect an economic interest if it is likely to have an effect on that interest that is distinguishable from its effect on members of the public in general or a substantial segment thereof; and
- (2) The term client includes any business, financial or professional relationship to which a duty of care, confidence, trust or privilege applies.

– Officers, Recusal, Disclosure

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~~A. A conflict of interest shall exist hereunder where an Officer may gain or sustain any benefit in the outcome of any matter under consideration or review before an Agency the Officer is a member thereof. With regard to any such matter whereby any Officer is accordingly conflicted in such manner as proscribed in the previous sentence, the Officer shall:<sup>1</sup>~~

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~~(1) Disclose such conflict either by a written submittal to the administrative authority of the said Agency or by an affirmative verbal declaration on the record at a public meeting where the matter is under consideration.~~

<sup>1</sup> Attempt to better clarify what constitutes a conflict of interest.

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~~(2) Refrain from all deliberation, commentary, or voting before the Agency relating to such matter, and refrain from any discussion on the matter with the intent of influencing any Officer who will participate in the action to be taken on such matter before the Agency.~~

Sec. 19-5. - Prohibited interests.

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(a) General rule. A City official or employee may not use his or her official position to unfairly advance or impede private interests, or to grant or secure, or attempt to grant or secure, for any person (including himself or herself) any form of special consideration, treatment, exemption, or advantage beyond that which is lawfully available to other persons. A City official who represents to a person that he or she may provide an advantage to that person based on the official's position on a board or commission violates this rule.

(b) Special rules. The following special rules apply in addition to the general rule:

(1) Acquisition of interest in impending matters. A City official or employee shall not acquire an interest in, or be affected by, any contract, transaction, zoning decision, or other matter, if the official or employee knows, or has reason to know, that the interest will be directly or indirectly affected by impending official action by the City.

(2) Reciprocal favors. A City official or employee may not enter into an agreement or understanding with any other person that official action by the official or employee will be rewarded or reciprocated by that person, directly or indirectly.

(3) Appointment of relatives. A City official or employee shall not appoint or employ or vote to appoint or employ any relative within the third degree of consanguinity or affinity or any member of his or her household to any office or position of employment within the City.

(4) Supervision of relatives. No official or employee shall be permitted to be in the line of supervision of a relative within the third degree of consanguinity or affinity or any member of his or her household. Department heads are responsible for enforcing this policy. If an employee, by reason of marriage, promotion, reorganization, or otherwise, is placed into the line of supervision of a relative, one of the employees will be reassigned or other appropriate arrangements will be made for supervision.

(c) Recusal and disclosure. A City official or employee whose conduct would otherwise violate this section shall adhere to the recusal and disclosure provisions provided in subsection 2-43(b) (Conflicts of interest).

~~B.C. An officer or employee shall not grant special consideration, treatment or advantage to any person beyond that which is generally available to other citizens of the city.~~

~~CD. An officer or employee shall not receive special consideration, treatment or advantage in any activity or business transaction in which the city is a client or a customer beyond that which is generally available to other citizens of the city.~~

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E. In any proceeding of any Agency, Officers shall not participate, deliberate, or vote with regard to any agenda item of such Agency which is directly related to a Business Entity of which such Officer is a director, board member, officer, trustee, executive, or manager.<sup>2</sup>

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F. No Officer shall deliberate, comment, or vote at or in any proceeding of any Agency such Officer is a member of on matter(s) that concern the employment of such Officer or such Officer's Immediate Family, or on matter(s) that concern the appointment or contractual terms of any director, department head, chief, supervisor, or executive administrator of any city division, department, bureau where the said Officer or a member of the said Officer's Immediate Family is employed in any capacity.

DG. Subsections A, B and C of this section do not prohibit:

- (1) An officer or employee being employed by a person having a contract of a kind available to all through open bidding with the city if the preparation, procurement and performance of the contract are not before the officer's or employee's agency.
- (2) A purchase or sale between the city and an officer or employee of the city of property or an interest in or acquisition by condemnation by the city, if the transaction is conducted according to applicable procedure. The officer or employee must take no part in the transaction on behalf of the city. The terms of the transaction must be approved, in writing, by an officer or board independent of or having authority over the officer or employee.
- (3) An officer or employee entering a contract or transaction with the city, not within his or her agency, of a kind available to all through open bidding.
- (4) Performance of a contract entered prior to an individual's having become an officer or employee of the city if the contract is disclosed in accordance with § 19-11 of this chapter.
- (5) An officer or employee being employed by a newspaper that publishes a public notice, resolution, ordinance or other document, the publication of which is required by law.
- (6) An officer or employee being employed by a public utility regulated by the Public Utilities Commission.
- (7) An officer voting on a proposed municipal or Board of Education budget or appropriation provided that the total financial interest to the officer's immediate family, including, but not limited to, salary, health benefits, and pension, is insubstantial compared to the budget or appropriation being considered, or the appropriation is substantially unrelated to such total financial interest, and it is reasonable to expect that any likely action on said budget or appropriation will not financially or otherwise impact such officer or his or her immediate family.

<sup>2</sup> Effort to avoid divided loyalty or public perception of divided loyalty.

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(8) A municipal or Board of Education employee, or Commission or Board member preparing and advocating budgets that are acted upon by the Board of Education, and/or the Planning Board, Board of Finance and/or Board of Representatives.

Sec. 19-6. - Prohibited representation.

A. No officer or employee shall represent a person, other than the city, before the agency of which he or she is a member or by which he or she is employed, or an agency under his or her supervisory authority, except for representation of constituents by an officer in the course of his or her responsibilities as such. No compensation or gift may be accepted in connection with such representation.

B. An officer or employee who is employed or under retainer by a person having a matter pending before the agency of which the officer or employee is a member shall disclose that fact and shall abstain from participation in the matter. Participation includes but is not limited to discussion and/or voting on the matter.

Sec. 19-7. - Prohibited use of city property and facilities.

No officer or employee shall use or authorize others to use city-owned property, including vehicles and facilities, except:

A. For city business;

B. For purposes and on terms generally available to other persons; or

C. According to a contract of employment with the city in which use of such property is part of the compensation or term of employment.

Sec. 19-8. - Prohibited use of influence and information.

A. An officer or employee shall not attempt to influence any other officer or employee about any matter before any city agency from which said officer or employee would be likely to gain or lose a ~~material~~ benefit that is not common to the general interest of other citizens of the city. This subsection does not prohibit an officer or employee from communicating about a matter in which he or she has a property, contract or other legally protected interest as a citizen of the city, if the communication is:

(1) With an officer or employee responsible for the matter on behalf of the city; and

(2) Reasonable and necessary in transacting the matter and is conducted by means and in terms that other persons generally might lawfully use in the circumstances.

B. Unless otherwise required by state law, an officer or employee shall not disclose city information other than in accordance with established city procedure where it is reasonably foreseeable that

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disclosure of the information will permit the officer or employee or any other person to obtain a ~~material~~ benefit that is not common to the general interest of other citizens of the city.

C. An officer or employee shall not use information concerning the property or governmental affairs of the city, other than that which is generally available to the public, for the purpose of advancing the personal interest of himself, herself or others.

Sec. 19-9. - Prohibited gifts.

A. Except as provided for by his or her office or under the terms of his or her employment, no officer or employee, or member of his or her immediate family, or business with which he or she is associated, shall solicit or accept anything of value, including, but not limited to, a gift, service, loan, political contribution, or promise of future employment in exchange for providing confidential information or based on an understanding that the vote, official action, or judgment of the officer or employee is to be, or has been, influenced thereby.

B. No officer or employee may knowingly accept, nor may the spouse, child or parent of an officer or employee, or any person who resides in the household of an officer or employee knowingly accept, with said officer's or employee's express or implied consent, anything having a value of fifty dollars (\$50.00) or more from a prohibited source, and the aggregate value of all things received from that source by any such recipient in a calendar year shall not exceed one hundred fifty dollars (\$150.00). Each officer or employee shall be bound by this section for a period of one (1) year after the officer or employee has left his or her position with the city.

This section does not prohibit:

1. Gifts or social courtesies between the officer or employee and donors who are immediate family (as defined in Section 19-3 above).
2. Gifts or social courtesies, given to celebrate major life events such as weddings, births, religious milestones or major holidays, given to the officer or employee from donors, who are:  
(a) other relatives that are not "immediate family" as defined in Section 19-3 above, or (b) close personal friends.

Gifts made under Section 19-9.B.(2) must be disclosed in writing within ninety (90) days to the Board of Ethics. In the event of a complaint of a violation of Section 19-9.B.(2), the officer or employee shall have the burden of proving that the gift is a bona fide gift or social courtesy customarily made for the occasion.

3. Public, governmental-sponsored or informational events generally accepted as a condition of office or employment, where food may be served and small souvenirs of the event, of a minor monetary value, may be distributed to all attendees, which are not designed to influence the proper judgment or action of the officer or employee in a matter within his or her authority.

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4. Political contributions received in compliance with law.
5. Loans obtained according to commercial practice at the prevailing rate of interest.
6. Customary performance, merit awards, retirement gifts or honorariums, consistent with municipal practice.
7. Awards, plaques, gifts or other things of value given to employees as part of an official Employee Recognition/Incentive Program.

Sec. 19-10. - Specific violations.

A. Ordinances. It shall be a violation of the Stamford Municipal Code of Ethics for any city officer or employee to willfully violate the provisions of:

- (1) Chapter 23, Article II of the Code of Ordinances, as amended, concerning the purchasing of supplies, materials, equipment and services.
- (2) Chapter 52, Article II of the Code of Ordinances, guaranteeing legislative access [to] city records and data.

B. Budget line items. It shall be a violation of the Stamford Municipal Code of Ethics for any city officer or employee to intentionally misrepresent any matter concerning budget line items.

C. Board of Ethics' access to information. It shall be a violation of the Stamford Municipal Code of Ethics for any city officer or employee to intentionally deny access to information requested by the Board of Ethics in the course of an investigation or a public hearing, except to the extent that said city officer or employee is required or entitled to do so under relevant federal, state or local law.

D. Additional specific violations. The Board of Representatives may, from time to time, pass ordinances with the specific intent that said ordinances are to be incorporated into and enforced through the ethics process.

E. Examples only. The violations listed in this section are merely specific examples of Code of Ethics violations. Violations of the code are not limited to said examples.

Sec. 19-11. - Disclosure of interests.

A. Disclosure of conflict of interest. Any municipal officer or employee who has, knows he or she will have or later acquires a conflict of interest, as provided in Section 19- 4, as a result of any matter under consideration before him or her, or his or her department, in his or her or its official capacity shall disclose the existence of the conflict of interest, in writing or on the record, to the chairperson of the agency, commission or board of which he or she is a member, or in the case of an employee, to his or her superior. Such persons shall not debate the matter in his or her official capacity as part of the agency, commission or board and shall disqualify himself or herself from voting or acting on such matter.

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B. No discussion by disqualified individuals. No officer or employee, disqualified due to a conflict of interest, shall discuss the matter under consideration with the intent of influencing any person who will participate in the action to be taken on that business. Prior to any public or private discussion on the matter, the disqualified officer or employee must notify the person to whom he or she is speaking about his or her conflict of interest.

C. Cooperation with Board of Ethics. Any officer or employee whose conduct occasions an inquiry by the Board of Ethics concerning his or her compliance with this code shall, upon request by the Board, supply relevant information as detailed by the Board, except to the extent he or she is entitled to decline to do so on the basis of constitutional rights or governing state or federal law. Failure to supply information as requested shall result in a violation of this code.

Sec. 19-12. - Negotiation of future employment.

An officer or employee shall not solicit future employment with any person who has a substantial matter pending before the agency in which the officer or employee is employed during said period of employment or during the period of time said officer holds office. A matter is "substantial" if it involves a financial value of one thousand dollars (\$1,000.) or more or involves a question of policy of comparable significance

Sec. 19-13. - Subsequent employment.

An individual who has served as an officer or employee shall not:

A. Assist any person, other than the city, in any matter in which said individual participated personally and substantially during his or her service with the city.

B. Within one (1) year after termination of his or her service, assist any person, other than the city, in any matter that was pending before the agency in which he or she was employed; or appear before the agency in which he or she was a member or employed, or assist any other person to make such an appearance.

Sec. 19-13.1. - Prohibited actions.

No person shall take or threaten to take official action against an individual in retaliation for such individual's good faith ethics complaint or disclosure of information to the Board of Ethics under the provisions of this Code of Ethics.

Sec. 19-14. - Board of Ethics.

A. Appointment of members and alternates.

(1) The Board of Ethics shall consist of seven (7) members, no more than four (4) of whom shall be registered with any one political party, and two (2) alternates neither of whom shall be registered with the same political party.

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(2) All Board members and alternate Board members shall be resident electors of the City of Stamford. They shall be appointed by the Mayor and approved by a vote of two-thirds ( 2/3 ) of the members of the Board of Representatives present and voting. All nominees shall provide documentation they have completed the State of Connecticut Office of State Ethics' online ethics training, "Ethics 101", prior to an interview by the Board of Representatives Appointments Committee. Failure to complete such training shall exclude a nominee from consideration.<sup>3</sup> No nominee for appointment by the Mayor to be a Board member or alternate Board member shall have been an officer in a political party, a candidate for any office within the City of Stamford, or a chair of a campaign of a candidate for any office within the City of Stamford, for the period of one (1) year prior to such nomination. Upon appointment by the Mayor, all Board members and alternate Board members shall continue to refrain from such activity throughout their terms on the Board.

(3) All members and alternates shall serve without compensation for a term of three (3) years, which shall expire on December 1 of the final year of a member's term, subject to continuance in office for a period not to exceed the lesser of six (6) months or until his or her successor has been nominated by the Mayor and approved by the Board of Representatives. No member may serve for more than three (3) consecutive terms, except that those members who are currently serving on the Board of Ethics may serve for an additional term beyond their present term.

(4) In order to preserve continuity on the Board, the first terms of the two (2) alternates shall be staggered so that one (1) of the alternates serve a term of two (2) years and the other shall serve for three (3) years. Upon the expiration of the original terms, all alternates shall then serve three (3) year terms as stated in § 19-14A(3) above.

(5) Notwithstanding the foregoing, the term of a member or an alternate shall not end until the conclusion of any case, initiated during the member's or alternate's term, provided that, in no event shall a member or alternate's term extend more than six (6) months beyond the expiration of such term.

(6) Alternates shall be considered working members of the Board, and, at the discretion of the Chairperson, they may ask questions and otherwise participate in the hearing process. The Chairperson shall have the right to limit such participation in any manner that he or she deems necessary.

B. Organization. The Board shall elect a Chairperson and a Secretary. The Board shall keep minutes of its meetings, which shall be filed in the office of the Town and City Clerk, and shall hold meetings at the call of the Chairperson and at such times as the Board may determine. Four (4) members present shall constitute a quorum in order for the Board to conduct official business. For the purposes of this section, alternates may be considered as members for the purpose of establishing that a quorum is present.

<sup>3</sup> Those subject to this ordinance should be able to rely on board members, who will be sitting in judgment, having a certain minimum level of training. This is free training offered by the State of Connecticut.

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C. Opinions and advice.

(1) Advisory opinions.

(a) The Board shall render advisory opinions pursuant to:

1. a written request from any officer or employee concerning his or her behavior with respect to this Code of Ethics; or
2. a written request concerning any officer or employee or any group of officers or employees, made by the Mayor, Corporation Counsel, President of the Board of Representatives, any six (6) members of the Board of Representatives, Town and City Clerk, a majority of the Board of Finance or a majority of the Board of Education; or
3. a written request concerning any member, alternate, employee or any group of members, alternates, or employees of any board or commission, made by the President, Chairperson or one-third ( 1/3 ) of the membership, including alternates, of any such board or commission; or
4. a written request concerning any supervised employee or employees, made by an officer or employee with supervisory authority over such employee.

(b) The Board may, by a majority vote of the entire Board, decline to consider any request or may expand the scope of the opinion to include other officers, board or commission members or alternates, or employees not specifically named in the request or to exclude any officer(s), member(s), alternate(s) or employee(s) named in the request.

(c) An advisory opinion shall only be issued when all hearings concerning the request are held in open public meeting. Such advisory opinion shall be binding on the Board, the officer(s), board or commission member(s) or alternate(s), or employee(s) until amended or revoked, and reliance on it in good faith shall be an absolute defense in any action or proceedings brought under the provisions of this Code of Ethics.

(d) Within one hundred (100) days of valid receipt of the request, the Board shall render its opinion, or act not to consider such request, and shall file such opinion or action with the office of the Town and City Clerk.

(e) The Board of Ethics may amend or revoke any advisory opinion. Written notification of such amendment or revocation shall be made to **the party who originally requested the advisory opinion**, the Mayor, Corporation Counsel, President of the Board of Representatives, and Town and City Clerk within thirty (30) days of such amendment or revocation.

**(f) Advice from other sources, including Corporation Counsel, shall not be a substitute for an Advisory Opinion from the Board of Ethics and may not be used as an absolute defense in an**

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investigation of an ethics violation. Advice from other sources shall not be binding upon the Board of Ethics.

(2) Personal advice. Upon the written request from any officer or employee to obtain personal advice for that individual with respect to potential future official actions and this Code of Ethics, and a request that such advice or hearings be kept confidential, the Chairperson of the Board may request that one (1) member hear any such request and offer advice with respect to this Code of Ethics pursuant to that specific request. Said board member may offer such advice without holding open public hearings concerning the request, and, provided that the employee or officer appears to be acting in good faith and that no crime has been or will be committed, shall maintain any requested confidentiality, but only to the extent permitted by law and unless compelled by legal process. Such advice shall not be binding on the officer or employee, or the Board of Ethics. Reliance on such advice shall not be a defense in any action or proceedings brought under the provisions of this Code of Ethics, although the Board may consider such advice in any such proceedings. The member so appointed for the purpose of giving such advice shall recuse himself or herself from any and all future action concerning the said officer or employee, including, but not limited to, ethics complaints or requests for advisory opinions on the issue or issues involved in the specific request.

D. Ethics complaints, investigation and procedures.

(1) Filing of the complaint, notification and amendment.

(a) Any person may submit a written complaint, on a form prescribed by the Board of Ethics and signed under penalty of false statement, alleging a violation of this Code of Ethics by an officer or employee or a person who was an officer or employee within the preceding year, provided, however, no member or alternate member of the Board of Ethics may submit a complaint. The complaint shall contain the specific act or acts which allegedly constitute the violation.

(b) Upon receipt of said complaint by the Chairperson, or by the Secretary of the Board in the Chairperson's absence, the Chairperson of the Board of Ethics shall empanel an Investigating Committee by selecting, on a rotating basis, as practical, three (3) members from among the regular and alternate Board members, to be the three (3) Investigating Board members, as defined above. If a complaint is brought against a Board member, the member may not participate in any proceedings until that complaint is resolved. It shall be the Investigating Committee's responsibility to make a determination of whether or not probable cause exists to support the complaint. The Investigating Board members may delete, defer or reject any part of a complaint that does not conform to its requirements. No member or alternate member of the Board of Ethics may initiate a complaint.

(c) The Board shall notify, by registered or certified mail, or by personal service by a sheriff, constable or indifferent person, any respondent against whom a complaint is filed not later

Commented [ 1]: We need to figure out how to deal with this. Maybe address situations where same complainant files complaints against multiple board members.

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than seven (7) days after receipt of such complaint. A copy of such complaint ~~and any subsequent changes~~ shall accompany such notice. The Board shall also notify the complainant in writing of its receipt of such complaint, ~~and any subsequent changes~~, not later than seven (7) days after receipt of the complaint.

(d) Subsequent to the filing of the original complaint, the Investigating ~~Board members Committee~~ may, at ~~their its~~ discretion, ~~delete, defer, amend,~~ or reject ~~amend~~ any complaint or element thereof filed with the Board to include other alleged violations, ~~provided that~~ such additional allegations are supported by materials uncovered during its investigation ~~which they it reasonably suspects to have occurred, based on allegations in the original complaint.~~ Any such amendments shall be in writing, and a copy shall be sent by registered or certified mail or by personal service by a sheriff, constable or indifferent person to the respondent and complainant within seven (7) days of such amendment.

~~Motion 1~~

(2) Investigation of probable cause.

(a) The Investigating ~~Board members Committee~~ shall investigate the complaint and such amendments as they may have ~~made added~~. For this purpose, informal ~~hearings interviews~~ may be held to determine whether or not there is probable cause to believe that the respondent has violated the Code of Ethics. ~~The Investigating Committee shall review the complaint to determine i) whether, if each allegation in the complaint were true, such allegations would be a violation of this Code; and ii) whether such allegations are supported by material sufficient to reach a finding of probable cause. In the absence of such material provided with the complaint, the Investigation Committee shall request further information from the Complainant. If there is no such information provided by the Complainant, the Investigating Committee shall continue to investigate the complaint.~~

~~Motion 2~~

~~Motion 3~~

~~Motion 4~~

(b) Any investigation and ~~hearing interviews~~, if held, shall be confidential and shall not be open to the public unless the respondent requests that such investigation, ~~hearing interviews~~, and disclosures be open ~~or if there is a finding of probable cause.~~<sup>4</sup>By filing a complaint with the Board of Ethics, the complainant shall be bound by the requirement of confidentiality in the investigative phase. A violation of the requirement of confidentiality by the complainant, whether direct or indirect, shall be grounds, ~~for an ethics complaint to be filed against the complainant, and may,~~ at the discretion of the Board of Ethics, ~~to be grounds for the dismissal of~~ the complaint. Pending the outcome of the probable cause ~~hearing investigation~~, no member of the Board of Ethics shall disclose his or her knowledge of such investigation to a third party, except to the extent necessary to conduct the investigation. The respondent shall have the right to appear and be heard and to offer any information by way of answer or denial of the allegations.

~~Motion 5~~

~~Motion 6~~

<sup>4</sup> Cleaning up to separate the investigation (covered by statute) from the public hearing (after finding of probable cause) to avoid confusion.

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(3) Finding of probable cause.

~~Motion 7~~

(a) A decision regarding probable cause shall be made by the Investigating ~~Board members~~ ~~Committee~~ within sixty (60) days after the date that the Board received the complaint. A finding ~~that~~ of probable cause ~~to believe~~ that the respondent has violated the Code of Ethics ~~exists~~ shall require two (2) concurring votes.

~~Motion 8~~

(b) Not later than three (3) business days after the termination of the investigation, the ~~Board of Ethics~~ shall inform the complainant and the respondent of its findings and provide them a summary of its reasons for making that finding. Such notification shall be either by ~~registered or certified mail, or personal service by a sheriff, constable or indifferent person.~~

~~Motion 9~~

(~~b~~c) If the Investigating ~~Board members~~ ~~Committee~~ determines that probable cause ~~does not exist~~ that the respondent has violated the Code of Ethics ~~does not exist, they it~~ shall dismiss the complaint and all records of the complaint will remain confidential, except upon the ~~request of the respondent.~~<sup>5</sup>

~~Motion 10~~

(~~e~~d) If the Investigating ~~Board members~~ ~~Committee~~ determines that probable cause ~~does exist~~ that the respondent has violated the Code of Ethics ~~does exist, they it~~ shall

i. \_\_\_\_\_ submit a written report to the Chairperson of the Board of Ethics to initiate public hearings,

~~Motion 11~~

ii. ~~Within five (5) business days make public the finding of probable cause. At such time the entire record of the investigation and the written report shall become public, except that the Board of Ethics may postpone the release of such public records for a period not to exceed fourteen (14) days for the purpose of reaching a stipulation agreement with the respondent. The Respondent shall have the right to request postponement for the purpose of pursuing a stipulated agreement. Such postponement shall not be denied without good cause. The Board of Ethics is to ensure the public records are posted to the City's Board of Ethics web page within the required time frames. The Board of Ethics is to ensure Stipulated Agreements are posted to the City's website within five (5) business days of the agreement being signed by the Respondent unless they and the respondent reach a stipulated agreement to resolve the complaint. Once probable cause has been determined, any such stipulated agreement shall require the approval of a majority of the non-Investigating Board members. Notwithstanding the foregoing, in the event an agreement is stipulated to or a withdrawal of the complaint is filed prior to a determination of probable cause, approval by a majority of the non-Investigating Board members shall not be required.~~ If no stipulated agreement is reached, public hearings shall commence within thirty (30) days of receipt by the Chairperson of the aforesaid written report.

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<sup>5</sup> Required by state statute 1-82a(d)

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Motion 12

(e) All Stipulated Agreements shall include language indicating the Respondent requests the Stipulated Agreement be made public and posted on the City of Stamford's public website. The Board of Ethics is to ensure Stipulated Agreements are posted to the City's website within five (5) business days of the agreement being signed by the Respondent<sup>6</sup>

Motion 13

(~~ef~~) In any public hearing held to determine a violation of the Code of Ethics, the Investigating ~~Board members~~Committee with the assistance of the Office of Legal Affairs or other counsel, shall have the responsibility of gathering and presenting evidence, together with the complainant, to the Hearing Board members. If necessary, outside counsel should be retained to represent the Hearing Board with respect to any public hearings, assuming the Office of Legal Affairs will be unable to do so because of its prior and/or continuing representation of the Investigating Board. The Investigating Board members shall not participate in any manner in the vote to determine a violation of the Code of Ethics.

Motion 14

~~(e) The complainant and respondent shall be notified in writing of the decision regarding probable cause not later than seven (7) days after such decision has been made. Such notification shall be either by registered or certified mail, or personal service by a sheriff, constable or indifferent person.~~

Motion 15

(4) Extension of time. Upon extraordinary circumstances, reasonable extensions of time to any of the time limitations specified herein, not controlled by Statute, may be granted by the Board upon a vote of four (4) sitting members.

Motion 16

(a) The Board shall give written notice of any extension(s) of time to the respondent and the complainant that includes a description of the extraordinary circumstances used to justify the delay.  
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(b) Exceptions.

1. No extensions may be given for time periods required for notification(s).
2. No extensions may be given for the time limitation for ruling on actions unless otherwise specified herein.

(5) Rules and procedure for public hearings.

(a) Public hearings shall be conducted under the Board's rules and regulations, which shall include the following: oral evidence shall be taken under oath; documentary evidence may be received in the form of copies or excerpts, if the original is not readily available, and upon request, parties and the Board shall be given the opportunity to compare the copy to the original; and the complainant and respondent shall have the right:

1. To be represented by counsel.

<sup>6</sup> This is consistent with the practice followed by the office of state ethics.

<sup>7</sup> Timing that is merely inconvenient to the respondent or board members cannot be justification.

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2. To present oral or written documentary evidence which is not irrelevant, immaterial or unduly repetitious.
3. To examine and cross-examine witnesses required for a full and true disclosure of the facts.
4. To receive by registered or certified mail, or by personal service by a sheriff, constable or indifferent person, copies of the memorandum of decision by the Board within thirty (30) days after the conclusion of hearings on said complaint.

Motion 17

(b) The Board of Representatives shall have the power to adopt rules of procedure for hearings conducted pursuant to the Code of Ethics, in addition to those contained in Subsection ~~C(4)(a)D(4)(a)~~<sup>8</sup> above, by resolution adopted by a majority vote of the entire Board, after publication of the text of the proposed rules of procedure or amendments thereto in a newspaper having a general circulation in the city. Any rules of procedure or amendments thereto shall become effective thirty (30) days after adoption, and the full text of the rules for procedure, adopted in accordance with this section, shall be available for public inspection at the office of the Town and City Clerk.

(c) All Board of Ethics hearings shall be conducted in a manner in which they provide the respondent(s) with all due process that is required by federal, state and local law.

Motion 18

(d) ~~Upon the request of either the complainant, the respondent or any member of the Board, the Board shall cause the hearings to be recorded and a transcription to be made~~All hearings shall be recorded and made available to the public on the City's website. If a ~~copy of the~~ transcript is requested by either the respondent or complainant, the requesting party shall bear the costs for the same.

(e) The Board may subpoena witnesses to testify and may compel the production of documents and other effects as evidence, and failure to obey such subpoena shall constitute a misdemeanor.

(6) Finding of a violation of the Code of Ethics.

(a) A finding of a violation of the Code of Ethics shall require the affirmative vote of two (2) of the three (3) Hearing Board members that there is clear and convincing evidence that the respondent has violated the Code of Ethics.

Motion 19?

(b) The written final decision shall specify the code section violated and a factual explanation supporting each violation and shall be on the form prescribed.

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<sup>8</sup> Looks like something was added and this reference did not get updated. Not sure this is the correct reference.

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C30.005 – As amended by Committee

(c) The Board shall file its memorandum of decision with the Mayor, Town and City Clerk, Corporation Counsel, Clerk of the Board of Representatives and any other public office it deems appropriate or is required under section 19- 15.C of this chapter.

E. Other powers and responsibilities.

(1) Freedom of Information Act. In order to ensure the public's right of access to the proceedings held in accordance with the provisions of this chapter, the Board of Ethics shall follow the requirements of the Connecticut Freedom of Information Act.

(2) Annual Advisory Report. On or before June 1 of each year, the Board shall submit to the Mayor and the President of the Board of Representatives a written report which shall include but not be limited to:

(a) A summary of its activities; and

(b) Recommendations for improvements in the Municipal Code of Ethics.

Sec. 19-15. - Effect of violation.

A. Grounds for removal. A violation of this Municipal Code of Ethics:

(1) By an elected officer may be considered dereliction of official duty, a cause of removal from **office under Sec. C1-90-1 of the Stamford Charter.**

(2) By a member of an appointed board or commission may be considered misconduct in the performance of duties, a ground for removal under Sec. C6- 00-3(c)(1) of the Stamford Charter.

(3) By a municipal employee may be ~~a-ground~~s for termination, a demotion in rank or grade ~~discharge,~~ suspension, with or without pay, and/or a recommendation to ~~his or her~~their supervisory authority for appropriate disciplinary action under Sec. C6-140- 8(14) of the Stamford Charter.

B. Public reprimand. Any individual who is found in violation of this chapter may be issued a public reprimand by the Board of Ethics.

C. Recovery of damages by city. Any individual who is found in violation of this chapter may be subject to a lawsuit by the city to recover damages, if any, that are incurred by the city as a result of said individual's unethical conduct. The costs of the Ethics Ordinance hearing process shall not be included in the aforementioned damages and shall not be recoverable under the provisions of this subsection.

D. Placement in File. Any city officer or employee who is determined to have violated the provisions of this chapter shall have a copy of said decision placed in his or her official personnel file.

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Motion 20

C30.005 – As amended by Committee

E. Voiding of action. Where there has been a violation of the Stamford Municipal Code of Ethics, the city may void any municipal purchase, contract or ruling which the Board of Ethics has found to have been influenced by that violation, pursuant to Section 7-479 of the Connecticut General Statutes.

Sec. 19-16. - Jurisdiction.

A. Time limitation for ruling on actions. No allegation in a complaint of a violation of the Stamford Municipal Code of Ethics shall be ruled upon by the Board of Ethics if three (3) years or more have passed between the time of the alleged violation and the filing of the complaint. In the event that multiple violations have been alleged, only those violations alleged in the complaint which have occurred within three (3) years of the filing of the complaint to the Board may be ruled upon.

B. Tolling of period of limitation. In the event that a violation or evidence of a violation of this Code of Ethics has been actively concealed, such action shall have the effect of tolling the period of limitation during said period of concealment.

C. Continuing investigations. If an officer or employee under investigation leaves office or employment, the Board by a majority vote shall have the power to continue the investigation and, if necessary, hold a public hearing.

Sec. 19-17. - Legal Representation and Attorney's Fees.

A. Right to legal representation. Any appointed or elected officer or employee of the city who is the subject of an ethics complaint shall have the right to legal representation by Corporation Counsel in such ethics action unless Corporation Counsel determines that a conflict of interest prevents such representation. If Corporation Counsel determines that a conflict of interest exists, such officer or employee shall have the right to retain outside counsel for legal representation in such ethics proceedings.

B. Reimbursement of attorney's fees. If an appointed or elected officer or employee retains outside counsel for legal advice or representation in an ethics action due to a conflict of interest as determined by the office of Corporation Counsel, the City of Stamford shall reimburse such officer or employee for reasonable attorney's fees incurred in the action subject to the following conditions:

(1) A written agreement defining the proposed scope of work and hourly rate or other fee agreement of such outside counsel shall be submitted to Corporation Counsel for review and approval prior to the start of covered services.

(2) Corporation Counsel shall have the authority to establish a reasonable scope of work, maximum hourly rate, a schedule of reimbursable and non-reimbursable fees and expenses, and/or a reasonable monetary cap on the fees and expenses that may be paid by the city as a part of such written agreement. Attorney's fees for services outside the scope of work or in

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C30.005 – As amended by Committee

excess of the approved fees in the written agreement shall be the responsibility of the officer or employee.

(3) The city shall reimburse such attorney's fees in accordance with the terms of the written agreement at the conclusion of the ethics proceedings if the complaint is withdrawn, dismissed, settled by stipulation (except as provided hereinafter) or there is no finding of probable cause of violation of the Code of Ethics. The city shall not reimburse attorney's fees in the event the Board of Ethics finds a violation of the Code of Ethics or if an officer or employee has stipulated in a settlement agreement to violating the Code of Ethics.

Sec. 19-18. - Ethics training.

A. Ethics training. The Director of Human Resources is responsible for developing and delivering, or contracting with other entities to develop and deliver, training programs for all officers and employees of the City of Stamford, whether elected or appointed, paid or unpaid, concerning the requirements of ethical behavior, as encompassed in the Code of Ethics. Such training shall be required promptly following the initial appointment, election or hiring of any officer or employee of the City of Stamford and mandatory follow-up training shall take place every four (4) years. The Director of Human Resources shall be responsible for certifying and maintaining records that all officers and employees have received such training.

B. Ethics Handbook. The Director of Human Resources shall create and maintain a handbook regarding the Code of Ethics, to be distributed, together with a copy of the Code of Ethics, to all officers and employees during training. A copy of the handbook shall be kept at the office of the Town and City Clerk.

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